

10/15/1970 (48 yrs.)

SALIVA TEST REPORT

Patient Name PatientID Non-smoker

Jane Doe JD701015 **BMI** 28 Waist 39 in

Medications

DOB Report Date and Time None 12/18/2018 13:00

Gender **Received Date and Time**

F 12/10/2018 15:00

Provider ID: 0000 **Menopausal Status Specimen Collection Date and Time**

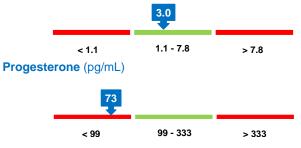
Doctor T Premenopausal Saliva Morning 12/5/2018 07:00 17387 63rd Ave Regular 28-day cycle Saliva Noon 12/5/2018 12:45

Last cycle on 11/15/2018 Saliva Evening 12/5/2018 16:45 Lake Oswego, OR 97035

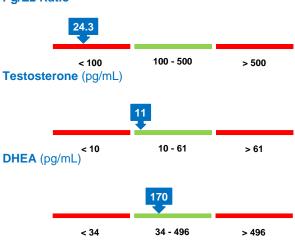
Saliva Night 12/5/2018 23:25 Ph: XXX-XXX-XXXX

YOUR RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Estradiol (pg/mL)



Pg/E2 Ratio



Your Steroid Hormones

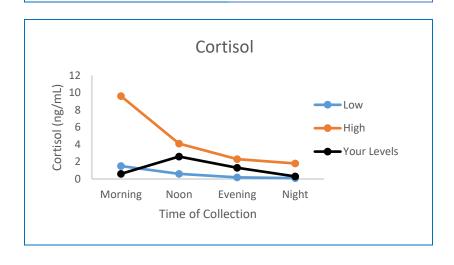
Your Progesterone and Pg/E2 ratio are low.

Your Adrenals

Your DHEA is normal. Your morning Cortisol levels are low.

Your Thyroid Hormones

Testing is recommended



Low or High Range Normal Range Your Levels

Steroid Hormone Tests (Saliva)					
12/5/2018			Non-Supplementing Range		
Estradiol (E2)	3.0		1.1 - 7.8 pg/mL		
Progesterone (Pg)	73	L	99 - 333 pg/mL		
Ratio Pg/E2	24.3	L	100 - 500*		
Testosterone	11		10 - 61 pg/mL		
DHEA	170		34 - 496 pg/mL		
Cortisol Morning	0.6	L	1.5 - 9.6 ng/mL		
Cortisol Afternoon	2.6		0.6 - 4.1 ng/mL		
Cortisol Evening	1.3		0.2 - 2.3 ng/mL		
Cortisol Night	0.3		0.1 - 1.8 ng/mL		

^{*}Only when Estradiol is within normal premenopausal range

Symptom Summary

The following figures explain the summary of indicated symptoms and how problematic is the patient's condition based on their symptoms. A few common conditions due to hormone imbalance have been shown below. The green, yellow and red zones represent the degree of complexity in a specific symptom category and provide the health care provider and their patient some idea about the possible cause of hormone imbalance.



Estrogen Deficiency	
Estrogen Excess	
Androgen Deficiency	
Androgen Excess	
Cortisol Deficiency	
Cortisol Excess	
Thyroid Dysfunction	
Metabolic Syndrome	

What do your test results mean?

ESTRADIOL

Estradiol acts mainly as a growth hormone for the reproductive structures in females. In addition, estradiol works in conjunction with progesterone during the menstrual cycle and pregnancy. Low estrogen levels can cause low libido or diminished sex drive and too much estrogens can cause symptoms of estrogen dominance. In males, estradiol is involved in sperm maturation and also helps to maintain a healthy libido.

Estradiol has a significant role in maintaining healthy bone growth and improving blood flow in coronary arteries in addition to offering neuroprotective effects. Estrogens have been known to contribute to risk of breast cancer as well as some non-cancerous conditions like endometriosis and uterine fibroids.

PROGESTERONE

Progesterone in females is known to be involved in maintaining normal menstrual cycles and early stages of pregnancy. Low levels of progesterone can cause abnormal cycles or conception problems. Low progesterone levels could also result in higher estrogen levels, which has been known to decrease sex drive and cause weight gain. High progesterone levels have been known to be responsible for symptoms like mood swings, bloating, breast tenderness.

In men, progesterone acts as a precursor to testosterone. As men age, the testosterone levels decrease, the estradiol increases, and progesterone levels decline. Low progesterone levels in men can cause problems like weight gain, low sex drive, hair loss, depression or erectile dysfunction.

RATIO OF PROGESTERONE/ESTRADIOL

The ideal ratio of progesterone/estradiol ranges from 100-500 in premenopausal women, and 150-1000 in pre and postmenopausal women supplementing with oral or topical progesterone (excludes postmenopausal women with low estrogen levels and women on synthetic hormones (oral contraceptives or conventional hormone replacement therapy-HRT).

TESTOSTERONE

Testosterone has important role in maintaining bone strength, muscle mass and energy level. In women, testosterone contributes to sex drive or libido. Menopause causes significant decline in the testosterone levels. In men, testosterone is responsible for growth and development of sexual characteristics, facial and body hair, increased sexual drive and sperm production.

Low testosterone levels can result in conditions like hair loss, reduced muscle mass, hot flashes, depression and increased breast size. High testosterone levels have been linked with aggressive behavior, acne, low sperm count, liver disease and heart muscle damage.

DHEA

DHEA is produced by the adrenal glands and is a precursor to both testosterone and estrogens. DHEA is also a neurohormone as small quantities are produced in the brain. It has a broad spectrum of benefits including improved energy, mood, memory, increased testosterone levels, enhanced libido and immune function. In men, low DHEA levels can cause low libido, reduced muscle mass and strength, depression, fatigue and compromised immune function. In women, DHEA is known to balance other hormones like estrogens, progesterone and testosterone. Low DHEA levels can cause weight gain, depression, fatigue and low libido.

CORTISOL

In addition to being called as "the stress hormone", cortisol helps in proper glucose metabolism, converting sugars into energy. High cortisol levels in men have been associated with hyperglycemia, weight gain, compromised immune function and high blood pressure. Cortisol imbalance is known to result in conditions like irritability, fatigue, depression, foggy thinking, weight gain and bone loss. Stress reducing activities including meditation and breathing exercise have been recommended to relieve stress levels and avoid premature aging.

This report is only for information purpose and does not provide any diagnosis or treatment. There may be many other risk factors that must be considered for a complete assessment of your health. Please consult your healthcare provider to discuss your results and any questions you may have about your wellness.

TEST	WOMEN		IV	IEN
Estradiol (pg/mL)	Premenopausal – Luteal Premenopausal – Follicular Postmenopausal Estrogen Replacement Synthetic HRT, Contraceptives	1.1-7.8 0.8-6.5 0.3-4.3 1.2-17.8 0.3-4.3	All	0.4-3.3
Progesterone (pg/mL)	Premenopausal – Luteal Premenopausal – Follicular Postmenopausal Topical, Troche, Vaginal (20-60 mg) Oral Synthetic HRT, Contraceptives	99-333 9-126 9-126 196- 3304 35-400 9-75	All	9-126
Testosterone (pg/mL)	All	10-61	All Topical	49-185 118-3950
DHEA (pg/mL)	All	34-496	All	42-578
Cortisol (ng/mL)	Morning Noon Evening Night	1.5-9.6 0.6-4.1 0.2-2.3 0.1-1.8	Morning Noon Evening Night	1.5-9.6 0.6-4.1 0.2-2.3 0.1-1.8

Patient ID: JM701015 Report Date: 12/18/2018

5. SYMPTOMS (0 = LEAST;	; 3 = MOST) Please Indicate the Sy	mptoms you are Experiencing						
ALL INDIVIDUALS								
① ① ② ③ Difficulty Focusing ① ① ② ⑥ Tearful ② ① ② ⑥ Depressed ① ① ② ⑥ Mood Swings ② ① ② ⑥ Anxious ② ① ② ⑥ Irritable ② ① ② ⑥ Nervous ② ① ② ③ Less Mental Sharpness ② ① ② ⑤ Morning Fatigue ② ① ② ⑤ Afternoon Fatigue ② ① ② ⑤ Afternoon Fatigue ② ① ② ③ Excessive Worry ① ① ② ③ Excessive Worry ① ① ② ③ Forgetfulness ② ⑥ ② ③ Foggy Thinking ② ① ② ③ Stress	①①②③ Sleep Problems ①①②③ Less Stamina ①⑥②③ Allergies ①①①③ Dizziness ②⑥②③ Lowered Immunity ②⑥②③ Decreased Muscle Strength ②①②③ Aggression U⑥②③ Weakness ①①②③ Weakness ①①③③ Aches and Pains ②⑥②③ Sore Muscles ②①①③③ Cold Extremities	①①②③ Ringing Ears ①①②③ Thinning Skin ①①②② Weight Gain-Waist ①①②③ Weight Gain-Hips ①①②⑤ High Cholesterol ①①②③ Irritable Bowel ②①②③ Irritable Bowel ③①②③ Dry skin ②①②③ Dry skin ②①②③ Sugar Cravings ③①②③ Constipation ③①②③ Constipation ④①②③ Sensitivity to Cold ③①②③ Sensitivity to Cold	(a) 1 (b) 3 Hypertension (b) 1 (c) 3 Heart Palpitations (c) 1 (c) 3 Slow Pulse Rate (c) 2 (c) 3 Night Sweats (c) 1 (c) 4 Scalp Hair Loss (c) 1 (c) 4 Scalp Hair Loss (c) 1 (c) 5 Acne (c) 1 (c) 6 Skin Irritations (c) 1 (c) 6 Skin Irritations (c) 1 (c) 7 Skin Irritations (c) 7 Skin Irritations (c) 7 Skin Irritations (c) 7 Skin Irritatio					
© 23 Vaginal Dryness O 23 Tender Breasts	① ① ② ③ Fibrocystic Breasts	①①②③ Slow Urine Flow ①①②③ High Urinary Urge	①①②③ Slow Urine Flow					
0023 Irregular Periods	0 © 2 3 Facial/Body Hair	0123 Prostate Problems						
1 000 PCOS		①①②③ Erection Problems						
6. CURRENT MENSTRUAL	STATUS (WOMEN ONLY)							
First Day of Last Menstrual Cycle	e 16/15/2018	Hysterectomy [X] No [] Ye	s Year yyyy					
Length of Cycle <u>28</u> days (e.	g.: 28 days)		e [] Both Year yyyy					
[X] Regular Cycles [] Irreg		Currently Pregnant No [] Ye	CONTRACTOR					
[] No Cycles		Using Birth Control ⋈ No [] Ye						
THE RESERVE THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO I	DATE AND TIME Required for Sar		o ii roo, then prodee iii iii deddan d					
SALIVA Sample Collecti		riple Processing						
Collection Date 13.15 Morning Collection Time 07.00 Noon Collection Time 12.14	512018 O AM							
Evening Collection Time								
Night Collection Time	25 PM							
8. HORMONE MEDICATION	USE Please Indicate Any Birth Cor	ntrol Method						
Hormone Type	Brand Delivery Do	sage Last Used	Times Per Day How Long Used					
Example: Testosterone	XYZ Cream Topical 20	0 mg mm/dd/yyyy hh:mm	1 1 year					
Also list other medications or suppleme	ents you are taking regularly. Use a separat	a shoot if required						
	ents you are taking regularly. Ose a separat	e sneet ii required.	The state of the s					
9. CLIENT SIGNATURE								
My signature indicates my request, authorization and/or consent for laboratory testing. I understand that test results are strictly informational. AYUMETRIX review of my test requests and results does not represent diagnosis or treatment. I am responsible for contacting my personal health care provider for follow-up and interpretation of my test results.								
Patient/ Gyardian Signature								
11/27/2018, Saliva Kit, Ordering Provider: Dr. Susanne Breen, ND								